

# Cg Book: Normalization CubeMap

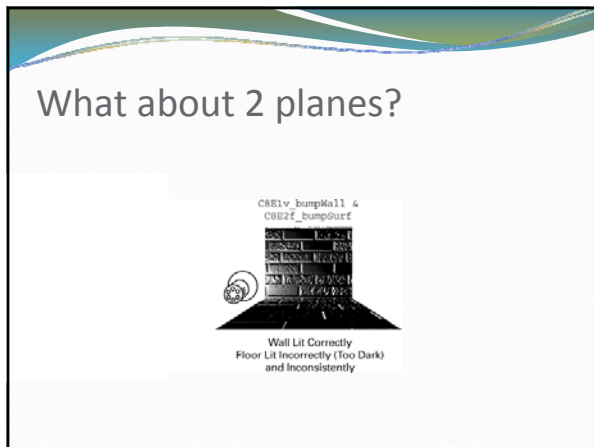
- What is it?
- Why do it?

•  $(3, 1.5, 0.9) \rightarrow (0.93, 0.72, 0.63)$   
 Expand (scale/bias)  
 Bias=-0.5, scale =2  
 Bias:  $(0.43, 0.22, 0.13)$   
 Scale:  $(0.86, 0.44, 0.26)$   
 Approximate normalization of  $(3, 1.5, 0.9)$

# Brick Wall

- Render wall in X-Y plane (Z is normal direction)
- What's the normal?
- When rendering, perturb the normal with a normal map.
- How?

Demo



# Tangent Space

- Do the lighting to take advantage of the normal map
- Consider a floor, normals are  $(0, 1, 0)$ , normal map expects  $(0, 0, 1)$
- Need to rotate floor normals into texture-space

$$[0 \ 0 \ 1] = [0 \ 1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Lights too!

$$L' = [L'_x \ L'_y \ L'_z] = [L_x \ -L_z \ L_y] = [L_x \ L_y \ L_z] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Tangent Space

- Tangent, Bi-tangent and Normal can form a rotation matrix too:

$$\begin{bmatrix} T_x & B_x & N_x \\ T_y & B_y & N_y \\ T_z & B_z & N_z \end{bmatrix}$$

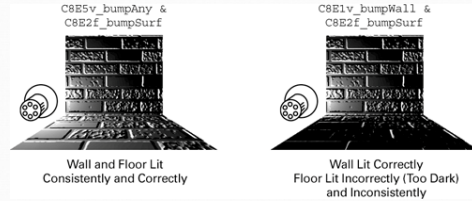
- Orthonormal matrix:

$$B = N \times T$$

$$N = T \times B$$

$$T = B \times N$$

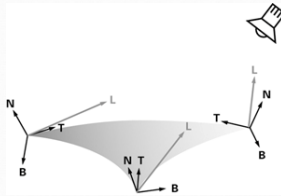
## 2 planes



- Demo

## Tangent Space

- Each vertex has a Normal and a Tangent



## Torus

- Use differential geometry to compute Tangent

- Torus:
 
$$\begin{aligned} x &= (M + N \cos(2\pi t)) \cos(2\pi s) \\ y &= (M + N \cos(2\pi t)) \sin(2\pi s) \\ z &= N \sin(2\pi t) \end{aligned}$$

- $M$  is the radius from the center of the hole to the center of the torus tube,
- $N$  is the radius of the tube.
- The torus lies in the  $z=0$  plane and is centered at the origin.
- Parametric in  $[s, t]$

## Torus

- Use differential geometry to compute Tangent

- Torus:
 
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$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial s} = -2\pi(M + N \cos(2\pi t)) \sin(2\pi s) \quad \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} = -2N\pi \sin(2\pi t) \cos(2\pi s)$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial s} = 2\pi(M + N \cos(2\pi t)) \cos(2\pi s) \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = -2N\pi \cos(2\pi t) \sin(2\pi s)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = 2N\pi \cos(2\pi t)$$

## Torus

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$$N = \left\langle \frac{\partial x}{\partial s}, \frac{\partial y}{\partial s}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} \right\rangle \times \left\langle \frac{\partial x}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} \right\rangle$$

$$N = \langle \cos(s) \cos(t), \sin(s) \cos(t), \sin(t) \rangle$$

## Torus

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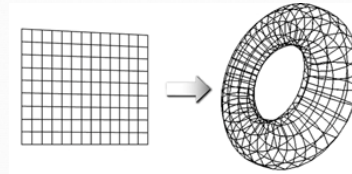
$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = 2N\pi \cos(2\pi t)$$

$$T = \left\langle \frac{\partial x}{\partial s}, \frac{\partial y}{\partial s}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} \right\rangle$$

$$B = N \times T$$

$$N = \left\langle \frac{\partial x}{\partial s}, \frac{\partial y}{\partial s}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} \right\rangle \times \left\langle \frac{\partial x}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} \right\rangle$$

## Torus



2D Grid Over  $(s, t) \in [0, 1]$

Tessellated Torus

## Torus



## Torus

- Demo

## What about polygons?

- Don't have equations for differential geometry
- Need local tangent space frame
  - Align bump-map coordinate system with frame
    - S with Tangent and T with Bi-Tangent
- Not that hard (the Cg book is less clear than Lengyel's Method)

## Lengyel's Method

- For some point Q in a triangle  $(P_0, P_1, P_2)$ :

$$Q - P_0 = (u - u_0)T + (v - v_0)B$$

T = tangent vector

B = bitangent vector

$P_0$  = 1<sup>st</sup> vertex

$u_0$  = s texture coordinate

$v_0$  = t texture coordinate

## Lengyel's Method

- Triangle: (using his notation,  $(s,t) = (u,v)$ )
  - Vertex attributes are defined by OpenGL:
    - $P_0(u_0, v_0)$   $P_1(u_1, v_1)$   $P_2(u_2, v_2)$

$$Q_1 = P_1 - P_0 \quad (s_1, t_1) = (u_1 - u_0, v_1 - v_0)$$

$$Q_2 = P_2 - P_0 \quad (s_2, t_2) = (u_2 - u_0, v_2 - v_0)$$

So:

$$Q_1 = s_1 T + t_1 B$$

$$Q_2 = s_2 T + t_2 B$$

Need to solve for T and B

## Lengyel's Method

set up a linear system:

$$Q_1 = s_1 T + t_1 B$$

$$Q_2 = s_2 T + t_2 B$$

Write in matrix form:

$$M_{Q_1 Q_2} = M_{ST} M_{TB}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (Q_1)_x & (Q_1)_y & (Q_1)_z \\ (Q_2)_x & (Q_2)_y & (Q_2)_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} s_1 & t_1 \\ s_2 & t_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} T_x & T_y & T_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{bmatrix}$$

## Lengyel's Method

Write in matrix form:

$$M_{Q_1 Q_2} = M_{ST} M_{TB}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (Q_1)_x & (Q_1)_y & (Q_1)_z \\ (Q_2)_x & (Q_2)_y & (Q_2)_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} s_1 & t_1 \\ s_2 & t_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} T_x & T_y & T_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{bmatrix}$$

Multiply each side by  $M_{ST}^{-1}$

$$M_{ST}^{-1} M_{Q_1 Q_2} = M_{ST}^{-1} M_{ST} M_{TB}$$

$$M_{TB} = M_{ST}^{-1} M_{Q_1 Q_2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} T_x & T_y & T_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{s_1 t_2 - s_2 t_1} \begin{bmatrix} t_2 & -t_1 \\ -s_2 & s_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (Q_1)_x & (Q_1)_y & (Q_1)_z \\ (Q_2)_x & (Q_2)_y & (Q_2)_z \end{bmatrix}$$

## Lengyel's Method

$$\begin{bmatrix} T_x & T_y & T_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{s_1 t_2 - s_2 t_1} \begin{bmatrix} t_2 & -t_1 \\ -s_2 & s_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (Q_1)_x & (Q_1)_y & (Q_1)_z \\ (Q_2)_x & (Q_2)_y & (Q_2)_z \end{bmatrix}$$

- This is for the triangle. What wrong with that?

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- This is for the triangle. What wrong with that?
  - Not normalized vectors
  - Same across the triangle

## What about GluSphere?

- Your next assignment