

CS/EE 3710

Computer Design Lab
Fall 2010

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- ♦ Computer Design Lab
 - T Th 3:40pm-5:00pm
 - Lectures in WEB 110, Labs in MEB 3133 (DSL)
- ♦ Instructor: Erik Brunvand
 - MEB 3142
 - Office Hours: After class, when my door is open, or by appointment.
- ♦ TA: Michael Kingston
 - Office hours to be determined

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- ♦ Web Page - all sorts of information!
- ♦ <http://www.eng.utah.edu/~cs3710>
- ♦ Contact:
 - 3710@list.eng.utah.edu
 - Goes to everyone in the class
 - teach-3710@list.eng.utah.edu
 - Goes to instructor and Ta
- ♦ No textbook – I'll hand out stuff.
 - There's lots of good stuff linked to the web page

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Prerequisites

- ♦ Digital Logic
 - CS/EE 3700 or equivalent
- ♦ Computer Architecture
 - CS/EE 3810 or equivalent
- ♦ First assignment is a review of these subjects!
 - It's on the web page now!
 - It's due on Thursday, September 2 at 5:00pm (hand in in class)

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Class Goal

- ♦ Use skills from both 3700 and 3810 to build a moderately sized project
 - Specifically, a computer processor!
 - Based on a commercial RISC core
- ♦ Team projects – groups of 3 or 4
 - Each group will customize their processor for a particular application
 - You choose the application!
 - You choose the customizations!

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Hardware Infrastructure



FPGA: Spartan-3E FPGA
500,000 gate equivalents,
plus 40Kbytes of onboard RAM
Clock: 50 MHz crystal clock oscillator
Memory: 128 Mbit Parallel Flash
16 Mbit SPI Flash
64 MByte DDR SDRAM
Connectors and Interfaces:
Ethernet 10/100 Fdy
JTAG USB download
Two 9-pin RS-232 serial port
VGA output connector
PS/2-style mouse-keyboard port,
rotary encoder with push button
Four slide switches
Eight individual LED outputs
Four momentary-contact push buttons
100-Pin expansion connection ports
Three 6-pin expansion connectors
Display: 16 character - 2 Line LCD

- ♦ Spartan-3E "starter" Board from Xilinx

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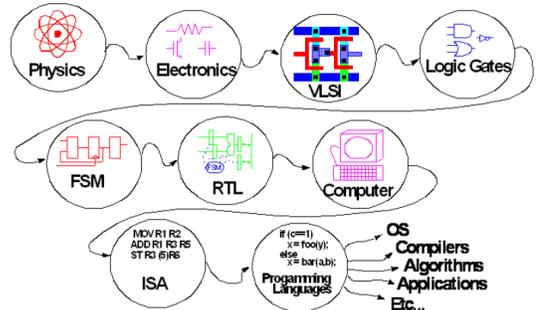
CAD Software

- ♦ **Xilinx ISE WebPACK 12.2**
 - Verilog system definition
 - Schematic capture
 - Verilog/Schematic simulation
 - Synthesis to the Spartan-3E
 - Mapping to the Spartan-3E
- ♦ This is installed on the DSL machines, in the CADE PC lab, and is free to install on your own machine
 - It's a BIG download though...

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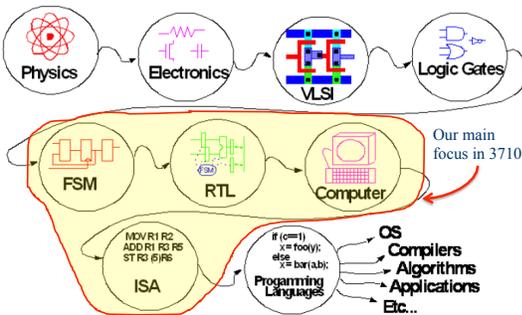
The Big Picture



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The Big Picture



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The Big Picture

- ♦ I'll hand out a **Baseline ISA** (it's on the web site)
 - Every group must implement these instructions
- ♦ There will be labs that require you to design and demonstrate steps along the way
- ♦ Each group will customize their processor
 - New instructions
 - New I/O
 - Other features
- ♦ End up demonstrating code running on your processor!

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The Big Picture

- ♦ Design with a mix of schematics and Verilog
 - Design the **datapath**
 - ALU, register file, shifter, misc. registers, etc.
 - Design the **control FSM**
 - Remember Verilog state machine design from 3700?
 - Design the **I/O system**
 - Memory mapped I/O
 - VGA, PS/2, UART, LCD, etc.
- ♦ Use ISE for simulation/synthesis
- ♦ Processor runs on the Spartan-3E board

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Verilog

- ♦ Plan on good Verilog coding style this semester!
 - Verilog is **NOT** a programming language!
 - Verilog is a **Hardware Description Language**
 - A huge number of Verilog errors are related to confusion between combinational and sequential descriptions
 - Think of the HW first, before coding
 - What is "good" Verilog?
 - I like excessive comments in the code
 - I like clear distinctions between seq. and comb. code
 - I like hierarchy
 - I like using a coding style that makes synthesis easy
 - I like using a purely synchronous clocking style in this class

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Design

- ◆ What is design?
 - Design is the progression from the abstract to the concrete
 - From the idea for the *SuperGizmoWidget* until you've actually got the real live hardware in your hands
 - How does one go from an idea to a product?
 - How does one go from a specification to a piece of hardware?

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Exploit Abstraction

- ◆ Design from the top down!
- ◆ Start with an understanding of the complete system
 - **The Big Picture!**
- ◆ Break it into more manageable chunks
- ◆ Describe the chunks in more detail
- ◆ Continue until the chunks are easy enough that you can build them!

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Actually...

- ◆ You can't really do things totally top-down or totally bottom-up
 - Top-down is usually the best place to start though
 - At some point you'll need to look at the details
- ◆ Learning when to switch views is important!
 - When do you switch between levels of abstraction?
 - Learn by doing and with practice

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A Couple of Rules

- ◆ Don't build complex systems, build compositions of simple ones!
 - Use appropriate abstractions
 - Use hierarchy in your designs
- ◆ Don't reinvent the wheel
 - Exploit available resources
 - Find tools that will help you
 - Reuse modules when it makes sense
 - Avoid NIH syndrome! (This isn't CalTech...)

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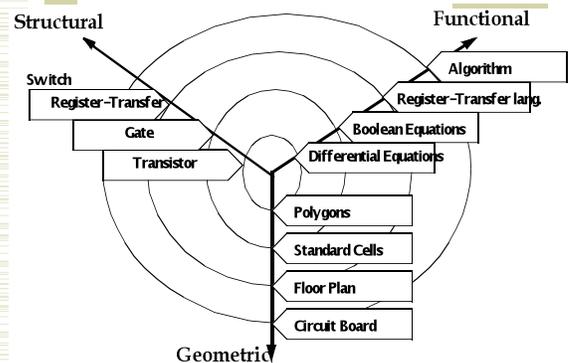
Digital Design Abstractions

- ◆ System Architecture
- ◆ Instruction Set Architecture (ISA)
- ◆ Register-Transfer Level
- ◆ Gates
 - Boolean logic, FPGAs, gate-arrays, etc...
- ◆ Circuits – transistors
- ◆ Silicon – mask data, VLSI

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Another Look at Abstraction



When to Switch Levels?

- ◆ When do you switch to a new level in the abstraction hierarchy?
 - When does a collection of transistors look like a gate?
 - When does a collection of gates look like a register-transfer level module?
- ◆ Engineering judgement!
 - One mark of a good engineer is one who breaks things up at the appropriate level of abstraction!

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Problems With Abstraction

- ◆ You may abstract away something important!
 - When you jump up a level you lose some info
 - When you jump down a level you may get swamped in the details
- ◆ Example: An appropriate collection of transistors doesn't always behave like a logic gate!
 - Slowly changing signals (slope, rise time, fall time)
 - Metastability
 - Other electrical effects
- ◆ You may also miss some possible optimizations

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Design Validation

- ◆ It's hard to make sure that different models are describing the same thing!
- ◆ Write a behavioral model in C, then create a gate-level model in ISE. How do you know they're the same?
 - Simulation?
 - Correct-by-construction techniques?
 - Formal proofs?
 - Cross your fingers?

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CAD Tools

- ◆ Mask Level
 - Magic, Mentor, Cadence, Spice, Spectre, etc.
- ◆ Gate Level
 - ISE, Mentor, Cadence, COSMOS, IRSIM, Espresso, Misil, etc.
- ◆ RT and up – “High-level” descriptions start to look a lot like software...
 - Verilog, VHDL, HardwareC,
 - ISE-XST, Synopsys, Ambit, Leonardo

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High Level Synthesis

- ◆ Allows behavioral descriptions
- ◆ Larger and more complex systems can be designed
- ◆ Abstracts away low-level details
- ◆ Design cycle is shortened
- ◆ Correct by construction (if you trust the tools!)

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Synthesis Drawbacks

- ◆ Larger circuits
- ◆ Slower circuits
- ◆ No innovative circuits
 - Of course, you can make counter-arguments to each of these drawbacks...

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Synthesis Tools

- ◆ A whole bunch of different CAD tools
 - Quite complex
- ◆ ISE-XST from Xilinx
 - Targets Xilinx FPGAs in particular
 - You'll get to know the Xilinx CAD tools well!

Wrap Up

- ◆ 3710 is a project-based course
- ◆ Main Goals:
 - Learn about processor design from the ground up by building one
 - Learn about practical details of processor design
 - I/O, memory interfaces, assembly programming, etc.
 - Learn about processor support systems
 - assemblers, linkers, memory loaders, etc.
 - Get experience with a larger design
 - Teamwork
 - Verilog, schematics, CAD tools, hierarchical design, etc.
 - Have Fun!!!